



SAE I-MAC CRP Team Four: Service

**Goal:
Reduce
By 50%**

Reducing Refrigerant Emissions at Service and Vehicle End of Life

Mobile Air Conditioning Summit 2005

March 15 - 16

Sacramento, CA



Sources of Emissions

**Service
Issues
&
Other
Issues**

- **Systems topped off (customer request)**
- **D-I-Y top offs**
- **Leaks not found (equipment, technique)**
- **No recovery/recycling**
- **Inadequate recovery/recycling**
- **Improper diagnosis and repair**
- **Faulty replacement component**
- **Losses from disposable containers
(30 lb. cylinders and small cans)**
- 9. **Losses at vehicle end of life**



Survey of Service Industry: Leak Detection a Major Problem

**Finding
Leaks a
Major
Problem
For
Service:
Tools
Procedure
Vehicle
Design,
Part
Placement**





Service Team Approaches: Leak Detection

**Difficulty
Tracing
Buried
Lines**

**Finding
Shaft
Seal
Leaks**

**Verifying
Evap
Leaks**

Working Group 1: Leak Detection Equipment/Procedure

- **Evaluate current generation tools and techniques**
- **Develop new generation of tools and improved techniques**
- **Write new tool standards and detection procedures**
- **Challenge: Identification of even smaller leaks**



Service Team Approaches: Recovery/Recharging Equipment

**Precise
Charge
Required
For New
Systems
To
Operate
Properly**

Working Group 2: Recovery and Recharging Equipment and Procedures

- **Some refrigerant remaining after standard recovery procedure**
- **More complete recovery**
- **More precise charging**
- **Write new equipment standards and charging procedures**



Service Team Approaches: Recovery/Recharging Equipment

**Duct
Tape
Will Not
Be Part
Of The
Solution**





Service Team Approaches: Recovery/Recharging Equipment

**Proper
Care Of
Tools Is
Also An
Issue**





Service Team Approaches: Recovery/Recharging Equipment

**Maintenance
Of Tools
And
Equipment
Very
Important**

Incorrect charge – Some reasons why



**Scales
must be
regularly
checked
and
calibrated**



Service Team Approaches: Field Coupling

Liner notes

Working Group 3: Leak Certification Process for Field Coupled Aftermarket Replacement Flexible Hose Assemblies

- **Test and evaluate hose couplings, field assemblies**
- **Develop field test for verifying integrity of field assembled hoses**



Service Team Approaches: Repair Model

**Experts
Will
Focus On
All
Aspects
Of Repair**

**More
Time On
Recovery
Less On
Evac?**

Working Group 4: Construct a valid repair model to better understand the sources of emissions in the repair process

The model will be used to make recommendations for best practices in the repair process, recovery practices, tools and system design changes for ease of serviceability that will reduce emissions and enhance recovery.



Service Team Approaches: Mass Balance

**Number
Cars
Repaired?**

**Amount
Recovered?**

**Unknown
Losses?**

**Working Group 5: Develop an R134a
mass balance for the US mobile A/C
service market**

**47 Million pounds of refrigerant
going into the mobile A/C aftermarket**

How is the refrigerant being used?



A/C System Charge Significantly Reduced

Liner notes

**R134a
charge
average,
ounces**

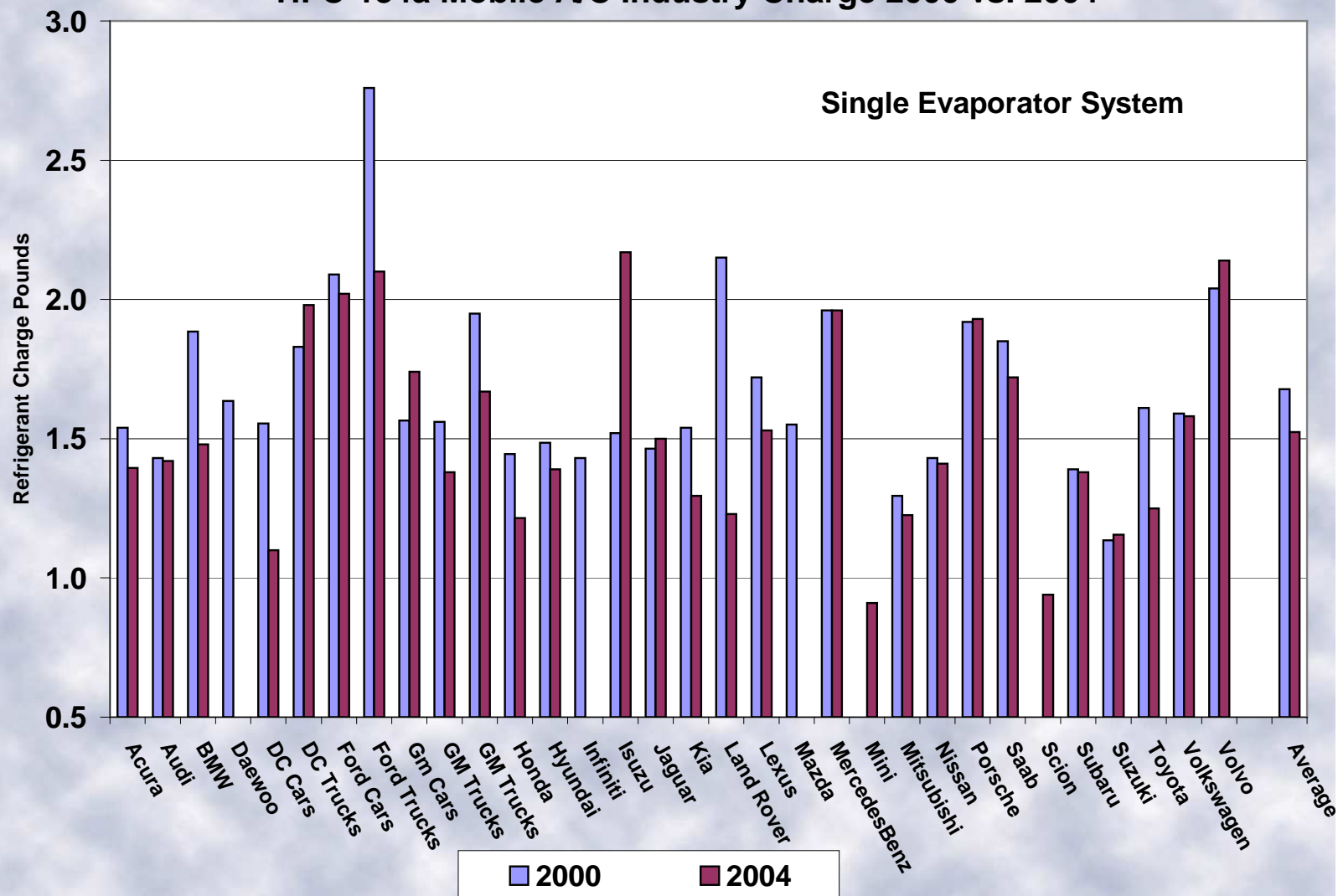
1994: 31

2000: 27

2004: 24

12

HFC-134a Mobile A/C Industry Charge 2000 vs. 2004

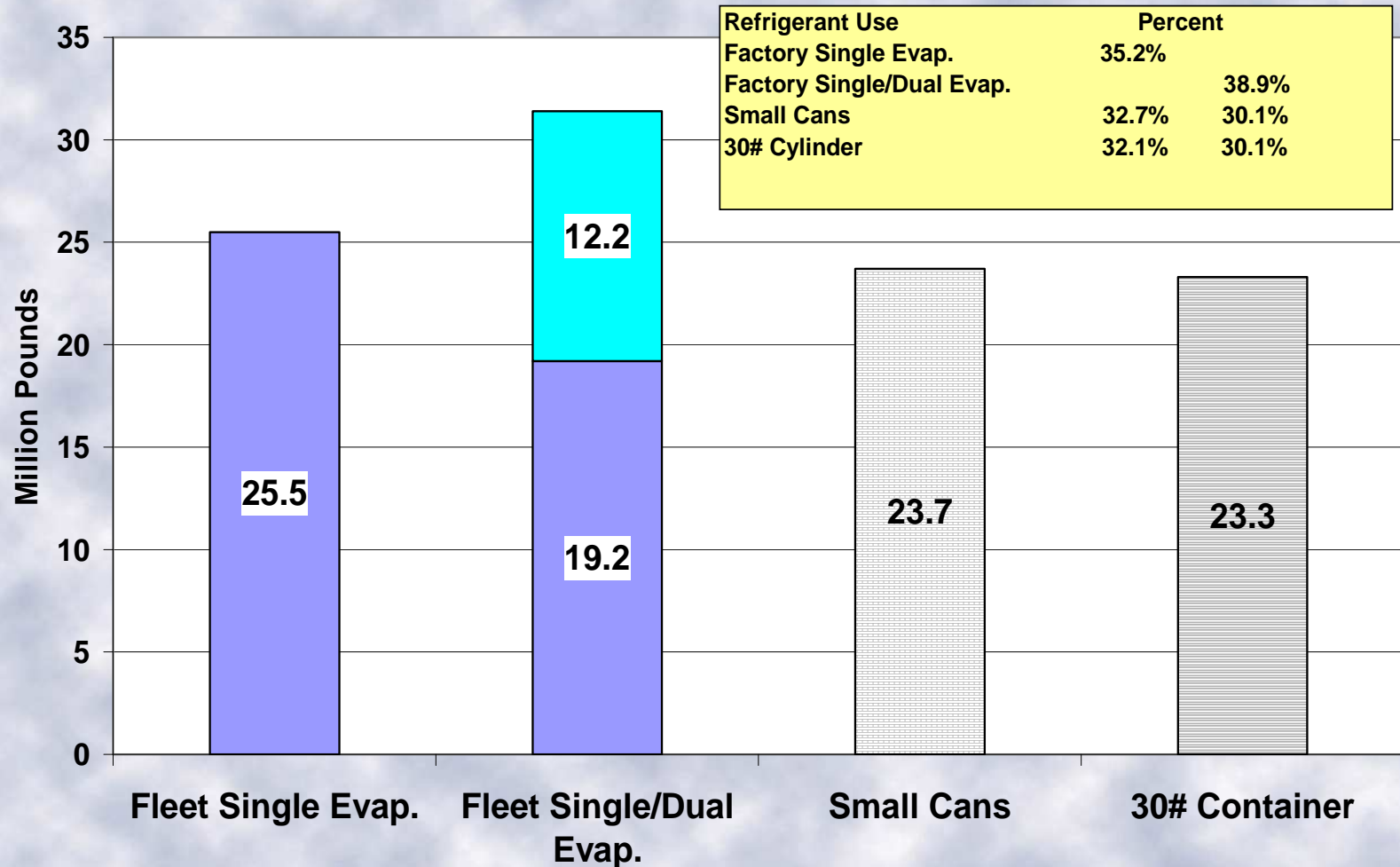




Mobile A/C Industry Refrigerant Use

Liner
notes

Refrigerant Used In Mobile A/C Industry





Disposable Containers 30 Pound Cylinders

Liner notes

Assumptions for calculating emissions due to heels:	Estimated R134a emissions per year:
Case 1: Pressure in cylinder is reduced to a "hard vacuum": assume pressure is 5 psia and temperature is 80F. The amount of R134a remaining in the cylinder is 0.043 pounds	766,667 cylinders x 0.043 lbs/cyl = 32,967 pounds/yr (" best case")
Case 2: Pressure in cylinder is reduced to a "vacuum" per MACS guidelines: assume pressure is 14 psia and temperature is 80F. The amount of R-134a remaining in the cylinder is 0.12 pounds	766,667 cylinders x 0.12 lbs./cyl = 92,000 pounds/yr
Case 3: Pressure in cylinder is reduced to 15 psig: assume temperature is 80F. The amount of R-134a remaining in the cylinder is 0.26 pounds	766,667 cylinders x 0.26 lbs./cyl. = 199,333 pounds/yr



Service Team Approaches: Vehicle End-of-Life

**Liner
notes**

Working Group 6: Vehicle End of Life

- **Seeking partnerships with auto recycling groups**
- **Are refrigerant reclaimers getting refrigerant from salvage yards?**
- **Are service shops working with salvage yards to recover/recycle refrigerant?**



Vehicle End-of Life

Liner notes



End-of-Life Vehicle Management

Each year in the U.S., 10 to 11 million vehicles reach the end of their useful lives.

12,000 Salvage Yards

182 Shredders



MAC Summit 2005

Liner
notes

Thank You!

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